**Aalborg Universitet** 



## Structure and Properties of Compressed Al2O3-B2O3-P2O5-SiO2 Glasses

Kapoor, Saurabh; Guo, Xiaoju; Youngman, Randall E.; Mauro, John C.; Rzoska, Sylwester J.; Bockowski, Michal; Smedskjær, Morten Mattrup

Publication date: 2016

Link to publication from Aalborg University

Citation for published version (APA):

Kapoor, S., Guo, X., Youngman, R. E., Mauro, J. C., Rzoska, S. J., Bockowski, M., & Smedskjær, M. M. (2016). Structure and Properties of Compressed Al2O3-B2O3-P2O5-SiO2 Glasses. Abstract from 24th International Congress on Glass, Shanghai, China.

### General rights

Copyright and moral rights for the publications made accessible in the public portal are retained by the authors and/or other copyright owners and it is a condition of accessing publications that users recognise and abide by the legal requirements associated with these rights.

- Users may download and print one copy of any publication from the public portal for the purpose of private study or research.
- You may not further distribute the material or use it for any profit-making activity or commercial gain
  You may freely distribute the URL identifying the publication in the public portal -

### Take down policy

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us at vbn@aub.aau.dk providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

# Structure and Properties of Compressed Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>-SiO<sub>2</sub> Glasses

## <u>Saurabh Kapoor</u><sup>1</sup>, Xiaoju Guo<sup>2</sup>, Randall E. Youngman<sup>2</sup>, John C. Mauro<sup>2</sup>, Sylwester J. Rzoska<sup>3</sup>, Michal Bockowski<sup>3</sup>, Morten M. Smedskjaer<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Department of Chemistry and Bioscience, Aalborg University, 9220 Aalborg, Denmark <sup>2</sup>Science and Technology Division, Corning Incorporated, Corning, New York 14831, USA <sup>3</sup>Institute of High Pressure Physics, Polish Academy of Sciences, Warsaw 00-142, Poland

### sak@bio.aau.dk

SiO<sub>2</sub>, P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, and Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> are all well-known network formers in oxide glasses, but the structure and properties of mixed Al2O3-B2O3-P2O5-SiO2 glasses without the presence of network modifiers are poorly understood. Some of these glasses exhibit low values of elastic moduli and Poisson's ratio compared to traditional oxide glasses with network modifiers. This favors network densification when subjected to high local stress (e.g., indentation) at room temperature and it is therefore interesting to examine the structural response of these glasses to high pressure. In the present study, we investigate the influence of isostatic compression on the structure, density, and mechanical properties (hardness, crack resistance, and brittleness) of five Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>-SiO<sub>2</sub> glasses with varying Si/P ratio. The glasses are isostatically compressed at 1 GPa at the glass transition temperature, enabling permanent densification of large (~cm<sup>2</sup>) sample specimens. In the as-prepared glasses, boron atoms become partially converted from the three- to the four-fold coordinated state when  $[P_2O_5] > [Al_2O_3]$ , with all  $Al_2O_3$  maintained in tetrahedral groups. For  $[P_2O_5] > ([Al_2O_3] + [B_2O_3])$ , boron is exclusively found in four-fold coordination, while the aluminum coordination number increases and all aluminum atoms are preferentially associates with phosphorus compared to silicon. Upon isostatic compression, the glasses permanently densify up to  $\sim 6\%$ , leading to an increase in hardness and a change in the indentation cracking pattern. We discuss these pressure-induced changes in glass properties in relation to the structural changes quantified through Raman and <sup>11</sup>B, <sup>27</sup>Al, and <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectroscopy.