

Aalborg Universitet

Temperature dependence of the configurational entropy of a glass-forming melt	
Yue, Yuanzheng	
Publication date: 2008	
Document Version Accepted author manuscript, peer reviewed version	
Link to publication from Aalborg University	

Citation for published version (APA):

Yue, Y. (2008). *Temperature dependence of the configurational entropy of a glass-forming melt*. Abstract from International Workshop on Glass and Entropy, Trencin, Slovakia.

General rights

Copyright and moral rights for the publications made accessible in the public portal are retained by the authors and/or other copyright owners and it is a condition of accessing publications that users recognise and abide by the legal requirements associated with these rights.

- Users may download and print one copy of any publication from the public portal for the purpose of private study or research.
 You may not further distribute the material or use it for any profit-making activity or commercial gain
 You may freely distribute the URL identifying the publication in the public portal -

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us at vbn@aub.aau.dk providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

Temperature dependence of the configurational entropy of a glass-forming melt

Yuanzheng Yue

Section of Chemistry, Aalborg University, DK-9000 Aalborg, Denmark

The temperature dependence of viscosity of liquids is an important topic both for glass physicists and for glass technologists. To describe such dependence, numerous theoretical models have been proposed in literature over the past century. However, all these models exhibit weakness in terms of precision and physical foundations. The sources of such weakness are discussed here by considering the thermodynamic aspects of these models. Several widely used viscosity equations have been rearranged to derive a mathematical function describing the relation between the configurational entropy and temperature. It is found that such function is rather different between different viscosity models. It is this function that determines the extent of the suitability of viscosity models in describing the viscosity-temperature relationship of a glass-forming liquid. In this work it is revealed different viscosity models can be linked to one another through the configurational entropy.