

Aalborg Universitet

D1.3.1C Report Covering the Wider Societal Implications of the HANDS Project

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Publication date: 2011
Document Version Early version, also known as pre-print
Link to publication from Aalborg University
Citation for published version (APA): Aagaard, M., & Vuust, J. (2011). D1.3.1C Report Covering the Wider Societal Implications of the HANDS Project.

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FINAL PROJECT REPORT

Grant Agreement number:

224216

Project acronym:

HANDS

Project title:

Helping Autism-diagnosed teenagers Navigate and Develop Socially

Funding Scheme:

Collaborative Project



Deliverable description

Deliverable no: 1.3.1C

Deliverable name: Report Covering the Wider Societal Implications of the HANDS

Project

Lead beneficiary: **Aalborg University**

Authors: Morten Aagaard and Joan Vuust Milborg

Nature: Report

Dissemination level: **Public**

Document number: HANDS/D1.3.1C/AAU/R/PU/2011-11-18

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Revision history:

Preliminary version, October 24, 2011.

Revised, Nov. 18, 2011.

1. Report on societal implications

Replies to the following questions will assist the Commission to obtain statistics and indicators on societal and socio-economic issues addressed by projects. The questions are arranged in a number of key themes. As well as producing certain statistics, the replies will also help identify those projects that have shown a real engagement with wider societal issues, and thereby identify interesting approaches to these issues and best practices. The replies for individual projects will not be made public.

2.

entered.	automatically when Grant Agreement number	lS
Grant Agreement Number:	224216	
	224210	
Title of Project: HANDS		
Name and Title of Coordinator:		
	Professor Peter Øhrstrøm	
B Ethics		
1. Did your project undergo an Ethics Review (and/or Screening)?	
 If Yes: have you described the progress of compliance with the relevant Ethics Review/Screening Requirements in the frame of the periodic/final project reports? Special Reminder: the progress of compliance with the Ethics Review/Screening Requirements 		
should be described in the Period/Final Project I <i>Achievements'</i>	Reports under the Section 3.2.2 'Work Progress and	
2. Please indicate whether your projectick box):	ect involved any of the following issues	YES
RESEARCH ON HUMANS		
Did the project involve children?		yes
Did the project involve patients?		yes
 Did the project involve persons not able to g 	give consent?	yes
Did the project involve adult healthy volunt		y es
Did the project involve Human genetic materials.		
Did the project involve Human biological sa		
Did the project involve Human data collection		yes
RESEARCH ON HUMAN EMBRYO/FOETUS		yes
• Did the project involve Human Embryos?		
Did the project involve Human Foetal Tissu	e / Cells?	
Did the project involve Human Embryonic S		
Did the project on human Embryonic Stem		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	tem Cells involve the derivation of cells from	
Fmbryos?		

PRIVACY	
• Did the project involve processing of genetic information or personal data (eg. health,	yes
sexual lifestyle, ethnicity, political opinion, religious or philosophical conviction)?	
 Did the project involve tracking the location or observation of people? 	yes
RESEARCH ON ANIMALS	
Did the project involve research on animals?	
Were those animals transgenic small laboratory animals?	<u> </u>
Were those animals transgenic farm animals?	
Were those animals cloned farm animals?	
Were those animals non-human primates?	
RESEARCH INVOLVING DEVELOPING COUNTRIES	
Did the project involve the use of local resources (genetic, animal, plant etc)?	<u> </u>
Was the project of benefit to local community (capacity building, access to healthcare,	
education etc)?	
DUAL USE	
Research having direct military use	<u> </u>
Research having the potential for terrorist abuse	
C Workforce Statistics	

3. Workforce statistics for the project: Please indi	Workforce statistics for the project: Please indicate in the table below the number of				
people who worked on the project (on a headcount basis).					
Type of Position	Number of Women	Number of Men			

Type of Position	Number of Women	Number of Men		
Scientific Coordinator		1		
Work package leaders	1	7		
Experienced researchers (i.e. PhD holders)	3	9		
PhD Students				
Other	30	22		
4. How many additional researchers (in companies and universities)				

4.	How many additional researchers (in companies and universities) were recruited specifically for this project?	
Of w	hich, indicate the number of men:	1
		L <u>*</u>

D	O Gender Aspects				
5.	Did you carry out specific Gender Equality Actions under the project?				
6.	Which of the following actions did you carry out and how effective were they? Not at all effective effective				
	Design and implement an equal opportunity policy Set targets to achieve a gender balance in the workforce Organise conferences and workshops on gender Actions to improve work-life balance				
	O Other:				
7.	Was there a gender dimension associated with the research content – i.e. wherever people were the focus of the research as, for example, consumers, users, patients or in trials, was the issue of gender considered and addressed? O Yes- please specify O No				
E	Synergies with Science Education				
8.	Did your project involve working with students and/or school pupils (e.g. open days, participation in science festivals and events, prizes/competitions or joint projects)?				
	Yes- please specifyPlease see to the list of dissemination activities in D1.3.1B				
9.	Did the project generate any science education material (e.g. kits, websites, explanatory booklets, DVDs)?				
	O Yes- please specify				
_	⊗ No				
F	Interdisciplinarity				
10.	Which disciplines (see list below) are involved in your project? O Main discipline ¹ : 1.1 O Associated discipline ¹ : 3.3,5.1,5.3				
G	Engaging with Civil society and policy makers				
11a	Did your project engage with societal actors beyond the research community? (if 'No', go to Question 14) Yes No				
11b	(NGOs, patients' groups etc.)? O No O Yes- in determining what research should be performed O Yes - in implementing the research				
	NoYes- in determining what research should be performed				

¹ Insert number from list below (Frascati Manual).

11c	11c In doing so, did your project involve actors whose role is mainly to organise the dialogue with citizens and organised civil society (e.g. professional mediator; communication company, science museums)?					
12.	Did you e organisat		ernment / public bodies o	policy makers (includin	ng interi	national
	O Ø O Ø	Yes - in impleme	he research agenda nting the research agenda cating /disseminating / using the r	results of the project		
13a Will the project generate outputs (expertise or scientific advice) which could be used by policy makers? ○ Yes – as a primary objective (please indicate areas below-multiple answers possible) ○ Yes – as a secondary objective (please indicate areas below - multiple answer possible) ○ No 13b If Yes, in which fields?						
Agriculture Audiovisual and Media Budget Competition Consumers Culture Customs Development Economic and Monetary Affairs Education, Training, Youth Employment and Social Affairs			Energy Enlargement Enterprise Environment External Relations External Trade Fisheries and Maritime Affairs Food Safety Foreign and Security Policy Fraud Humanitarian aid	Human rights Information Society Institutional affairs Internal Market Justice, freedom and secur Public Health Regional Policy Research and Innovation Space Taxation Transport	ity	

13c If Yes, at which level?					
O Local / regional levels					
National level					
O European level					
O International level					
H Use and dissemination					
14. How many Articles were published/accepte peer-reviewed journals?	d for p	ubli	cation in	5	
To how many of these is open access ² provided?				na	
How many of these are published in open access journ	als?			na	
How many of these are published in open repositories	?			na	
To how many of these is open access not provide	d?			na	
Please check all applicable reasons for not providing of	pen acc	ess:			
publisher's licensing agreement would not permit publ	ishing in	a rep	oository		
 □ no suitable repository available □ no suitable open access journal available 					
☐ no funds available to publish in an open access journal					
☐ lack of time and resources					
☐ lack of information on open access ☐ other ³ :					
,					
15. How many new patent applications ('priority filings') have been made? ("Technologically unique": multiple applications for the same invention in different					
jurisdictions should be counted as just one application of grant).					
16. Indicate how many of the following Intellectual Property Rights were applied for (give number in each box). Trademark Registered design			Trademark		
			Registered design		
Other					
17. How many spin-off companies were created / are planned as a direct					
result of the project?					
Indicate the approximate number	of additi	onal	jobs in these compa	nies:	
18. Please indicate whether your project has a p		,	<u> </u>		in composison
with the situation before your project:	potentia	ai III	iipact on employ	шеш	, ili comparison
☐ Increase in employment, or ☐ ☐ In small & medium-sized enterprises					
☐ Safeguard employment, or ☐ In large companies					
☐ Decrease in employment, ☐ None of the above / not relevant to the project					
Difficult to estimate / not possible to quantify				1	·
19. For your project partnership please estimate the employment effect				Indicate figure:	
resulting directly from your participation in Full Time Equivalent			t		
(FTE = one person working fulltime for a year) jobs:					

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Open Access is defined as free of charge access for anyone via Internet.

³ For instance: classification for security project.

Difficult to estimate / not possible to quantify	⊠				
I Media and Communication to the	ne general public				
20. As part of the project, were any of the beneficiaries professionals in communication or media relations? O Yes No					
21. As part of the project, have any beneficiaries received professional media / communication training / advice to improve communication with the general public? O Yes No					
Which of the following have been used to communicate information about your project to the general public, or have resulted from your project?					
 ☑ Press Release ☑ Media briefing ☑ TV coverage / report ☑ Radio coverage / report ☑ Brochures /posters / flyers ☐ DVD /Film /Multimedia 	Coverage in specialist press Coverage in general (non-specialist) press Coverage in national press Coverage in international press Website for the general public / internet Event targeting general public (festival, conference, exhibition, science café)				
23 In which languages are the information pro Language of the coordinator					
Canguage of the coordinator Other language(s)	Eligitsti				

Question F-10: Classification of Scientific Disciplines according to the Frascati Manual 2002 (Proposed Standard Practice for Surveys on Research and Experimental Development, OECD 2002):

FIELDS OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

1. NATURAL SCIENCES

- 1.1 Mathematics and computer sciences [mathematics and other allied fields: computer sciences and other allied subjects (software development only; hardware development should be classified in the engineering fields)]
- 1.2 Physical sciences (astronomy and space sciences, physics and other allied subjects)
- 1.3 Chemical sciences (chemistry, other allied subjects)
- 1.4 Earth and related environmental sciences (geology, geophysics, mineralogy, physical geography and other geosciences, meteorology and other atmospheric sciences including climatic research, oceanography, vulcanology, palaeoecology, other allied sciences)

1.5 Biological sciences (biology, botany, bacteriology, microbiology, zoology, entomology, genetics, biochemistry, biophysics, other allied sciences, excluding clinical and veterinary sciences)

2 ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

- 2.1 Civil engineering (architecture engineering, building science and engineering, construction engineering, municipal and structural engineering and other allied subjects)
- 2.2 Electrical engineering, electronics [electrical engineering, electronics, communication engineering and systems, computer engineering (hardware only) and other allied subjects]
- 2.3. Other engineering sciences (such as chemical, aeronautical and space, mechanical, metallurgical and materials engineering, and their specialised subdivisions; forest products; applied sciences such as geodesy, industrial chemistry, etc.; the science and technology of food production; specialised technologies of interdisciplinary fields, e.g. systems analysis, metallurgy, mining, textile technology and other applied subjects)

3. MEDICAL SCIENCES

- 3.1 Basic medicine (anatomy, cytology, physiology, genetics, pharmacy, pharmacology, toxicology, immunology and immunohaematology, clinical chemistry, clinical microbiology, pathology)
- 3.2 Clinical medicine (anaesthesiology, paediatrics, obstetrics and gynaecology, internal medicine, surgery, dentistry, neurology, psychiatry, radiology, therapeutics, otorhinolaryngology, ophthalmology)
- 3.3 Health sciences (public health services, social medicine, hygiene, nursing, epidemiology)

4. AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES

- 4.1 Agriculture, forestry, fisheries and allied sciences (agronomy, animal husbandry, fisheries, forestry, horticulture, other allied subjects)
- 4.2 Veterinary medicine

5. SOCIAL SCIENCES

- 5.1 Psychology
- 5.2 Economics
- 5.3 Educational sciences (education and training and other allied subjects)
- 5.4 Other social sciences [anthropology (social and cultural) and ethnology, demography, geography (human, economic and social), town and country planning, management, law, linguistics, political sciences, sociology, organisation and methods, miscellaneous social sciences and interdisciplinary, methodological and historical S1T activities relating to subjects in this group. Physical anthropology,

physical geography and psychophysiology should normally be classified with the natural sciences].

6. Humanities

- 6.1 History (history, prehistory and history, together with auxiliary historical disciplines such as archaeology, numismatics, palaeography, genealogy, etc.)
- 6.2 Languages and literature (ancient and modern)
- 6.3 Other humanities [philosophy (including the history of science and technology) arts, history of art, art criticism, painting, sculpture, musicology, dramatic art excluding artistic "research" of any kind, religion, theology, other fields and subjects pertaining to the humanities, methodological, historical and other S1T activities relating to the subjects in this group]